



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

### UNITED STATES.

#### *International Congress of Tuberculosis.*

Following are the contents of a letter, dated December 26, 1907, sent by the Surgeon-General to State, county, and municipal health officers:

The prevention of tuberculosis is engaging the increasing attention of public health authorities and philanthropists throughout the world. There is certainly no more important public health question demanding the activities of sanitary officers at the present time, and it is desirable that our people generally recognize its importance and enlist in the campaign against tuberculosis. The diffusion of knowledge with respect to the disease is no doubt one of the most important measures that can be instituted by public health officials. With the view to this end, an international congress on tuberculosis will be held in Washington, D. C., September 21 to October 12, 1908. At this congress all phases of the problem will be considered, a number of eminent specialists from abroad having signified their intention to participate in the deliberations.

Section VI will be devoted to the national, State, and municipal control of the disease, and it is urged that all public health officials attend its session, participate in the benefits to be derived from discussions of the governmental responsibilities and activities, and as a result be better prepared to assist in a systematic campaign against the disease throughout the country.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

#### *Reports from San Francisco, Cal.—Status of plague—Plague-prevention work.*

Passed Assistant Surgeon Blue reports for the week ended January 25:

##### SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Sick inspected.....	75
Dead inspected.....	82
Necropsies held.....	6
Premises inspected.....	6, 758
Houses disinfected.....	43